

Lab-Aids Correlations for Ohio Learning Standards Physical Geology

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This document is intended to show how our curriculum products align with the Ohio Learning Standards for Physical Geology.

ABOUT OUR PROGRAMS

Lab-Aids Core Science Programs are developed to support current knowledge on the teaching and learning of science. All materials support an inquiry-driven pedagogy, with support for literacy skill development and with assessment programs that clearly show what students know and are able to do from using the programs. All programs have extensive support for technology in the school science classrooms, and feature comprehensive teacher support. For more information please visit www.labaids.com and navigate to the program of interest.

ABOUT EDC EARTH SCIENCE

EDC Earth Science is a full year, activity-driven high school earth science course developed by the Education Development Center (EDC), with support from the National Science Foundation, and is fully aligned to the *Next Generation Science Framework* (NRC, 2010). *EDC Earth Science* is designed around the belief that students are capable of rigorous and in-depth explorations in science when given adequate support, structure, and motivation for learning.

EDC Earth Science features the following design components:

- In-depth treatment of content based on recommendations in national standards and representative state frameworks
- Developmentally appropriate lessons featuring Earth Science concepts that build on previous learning and prepare students for more advanced courses
- Using historical, newsworthy, and fictionalized stories to draw students into the earth science content, to motivate them to acquire the knowledge for solving problems, and to serve as a framework around which students build conceptual understanding
- Differentiated instructional strategies and activities that help students construct meaning from their experiences and that serve as bridges between concrete and abstract thinking
- Support for developing literacy skills and the use of formative assessment techniques
- Each chapter of EDC: Earth Science is a cluster of activities that addresses a specific set of concepts and skills. The amount of class time for each chapter will vary. A chapter may range from one to four weeks of classroom sessions. Not shown here are two project-oriented shorter chapters that open and close the course, which taken together require 2-4 weeks for completion. This provides up to 32 weeks of actual instructional time, plus an additional 4 weeks for assessment and related activities.



EDCE SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

Unit Title	Core Science Content	Suggested Time
1 Hydrosphere: Water in Earth's Systems	Water cycle; surface water, groundwater, assessing and protecting water supplies, Global patterns of ocean circulation; how wind and density differences drive ocean currents; global conveyor belt; El Niño	3-4 weeks
2 Atmosphere and Climate	Climate and weather; influence of latitude, atmospheric circulation, proximity to ocean, elevation, land features, and prevailing winds on regional climate, energy balance, albedo effect, greenhouse effect, carbon cycle, positive and negative feedback loops; Paleoclimatology, climate proxies, climate change in Earth's past, Milankovitch cycles, tectonic processes that influence climate, human impact on climate	5-8 weeks
3 Earth's Place in the Universe	Life and death of stars, solar nebular condensation hypothesis, Kepler's Laws, Earth's interior structure and composition, internal sources of heat energy, seismic waves, introduction to plate tectonic theory, driving forces of plate movement	3-4 weeks
4 Plate Tectonics	Transform-fault boundaries, earthquakes, physical and computer models Subduction zones, volcanoes, formation of igneous rocks, field-measurement technologies for volcano monitoring Seafloor spreading, paleo-magnetism, plate tectonics summary, landforms associated with plate boundaries	5-7 weeks
5 The Rock Cycle	Erosion and deposition, deltaic processes, formation of sedimentary rock, The nature of rocks and minerals, rock cycle	3-6 weeks
6 Earth's Resources	The geologic processes by which mineral ores are formed; mineral extraction and processing, fossil fuel formation, petroleum resources and exploration technologies	3-6 weeks



NATURE OF SCIENCE HIGH SCHOOL*

Nature of Science

One goal of science education is to help students become scientifically literate citizens able to use science as a way of knowing about the natural and material world. All students should have sufficient understanding of scientific knowledge and scientific processes to enable them to distinguish what is science from what is not science and to make informed decisions about career choices, health maintenance, quality of life, community and other decisions that impact both themselves and others.

Categories	High School	
Categories Scientific Inquiry, Practice and Applications All students must use these scientific processes with appropriate laboratory safety techniques to construct their knowledge and understanding in all science content areas.	 Hign School Identify questions and concepts that guide scientific investigations. Design and conduct scientific investigations using a variety of methods and tools to collect empirical evidence, observing appropriate safety techniques. Use technology and mathematics to improve investigations and communications. Formulate and revise explanations and models using logic and scientific evidence (critical thinking). Recognize and analyze explanations and models. Communicate and support scientific arguments. 	EDC Earth Science is grounded in current understandings about cognitive development, the learning process, and the pedagogical methods that support construction of science knowledge. All aspects of the instructional materials— from the overall organization of the teaching—learning cycle (consider—investigate—process) to the design and sequencing of the activities to the detail of the suggested teaching strategies— have been tailored to support students' learning. The chapters employ varied teaching
Science is a Way of Knowing Science assumes the universe is a vast single system in which basic laws are consistent. Natural laws operate today as they did in the past and they will continue to do so in the future. Science is both a body of knowledge that represents a current understanding of natural systems and the processes used to refine, elaborate, revise and extend this knowledge.	 Various science disciplines use diverse methods to obtain evidence and do not always use the same set of procedures to obtain and analyze data (i.e., there is no one scientific method). Make observations and look for patterns. Determine relevant independent variables affecting observed patterns. Manipulate an independent variable to affect a dependent variable. Conduct an experiment with controlled variables based on a question or hypothesis. Analyze data graphically and mathematically. Science disciplines share common rules of evidence used to evaluate explanations about natural 	strategies and learning opportunities, move from the concrete to the more abstract, target common misconceptions, emphasize guided inquiry, and balance a strong, guided-inquiry orientation with readings and opportunities for practice. Sustained attention is applied to processing for meaning as students are often asked to pause and "Think About It." During the process phase of the learning cycle, students review their data, ideas, and experiences obtained during the experimental phase. In teacher guided discussions, students present their own ideas, listen to the ideas of other students, revise their thinking, and come to new understandings of the



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Categories	High School		
	 phenomenon by using empirical standards, logical arguments and peer reviews. Empirical standards include objectivity, reproducibility, and honest and ethical reporting of findings. Logical arguments should be evaluated with open-mindedness, objectivity and skepticism. Science arguments are strengthened by multiple lines of evidence supporting a single explanation. The various scientific disciplines have practices, methods, and modes of thinking that are used in the process of developing new science knowledge and critiquing existing knowledge. 	concepts being developed. Learning goals, assessment outcomes, and assessments are closely aligned and clearly delineated. Students are afforded multiple ways to express their understandings and level of mastery. This array of features allows students with a range of learning styles to achieve their optimal level of understanding. For each chapter and its activities, the teacher edition gives detailed suggestions for teaching and assessment strategies, discusses the rationales for those strategies, and discusses possible student preconceptions. In the pages that follow, this information is augmented with discussions of	
Science is a Human Endeavor Science has been, and continues to be, advanced by individuals of various races, genders, ethnicities, languages, abilities, family backgrounds and incomes.	 Science depends on curiosity, imagination, creativity and persistence. Individuals from different social, cultural, and ethnic backgrounds work as scientists and engineers. Science and engineering are influenced by technological advances and society; technological advances and society are influenced by science and engineering. Science and technology might raise ethical, social and cultural issues for which science, by itself, does not provide answers and solutions. 	elements of EDC Earth Science.	
Scientific Knowledge is Open to Revision in Light of New Evidence	 Science can advance through critical thinking about existing evidence. 	Use of Story in EDC Earth Science	



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Categories	High School	
Science is not static. Science is constantly changing as we acquire more knowledge.	 Science includes the process of comparing patterns of evidence with current theory. Some science knowledge pertains to probabilities or tendencies. Science should carefully consider and evaluate anomalies (persistent outliers) in data and evidence. Improvements in technology allow us to gather new scientific evidence. 	Stories have long been a means of conveying information, describing events, and passing on cultural history and skills. Story can also be used to engage and motivate learners. A good story will inspire readers to want to learn more about the subject or challenge them to acquire the knowledge required to solve a problem or conundrum presented in the narrative. Science stories in EDC Earth Science serve several purposes. Initially, the story engages students' interests by presenting an event or phenomenon that they find interesting or intriguing. The story presents the content in a context that serves as a framework around which students build conceptual understandings. Throughout a chapter, students may return to the story to determine how a concept might apply. The story also presents a challenge or question that students must address by applying the conceptual understandings that they have acquired during the chapter. Stories in EDC Earth Science relate historical events, recent newsworthy events, and in some cases fictionalized scenarios.

*Adapted from Appendix H – Understanding the Scientific Enterprise: The Nature of Science in the Next Generation Science Standards



COURSE CONTENT

The following information may be taught in any order; there is no ODE-recommended sequence.

PG.M: Minerals			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science:	Selected Assessment	
Standards	Chapter (Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
PG.M.1: Atoms and	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	Ch. 14: p. 412 About the Reading	
elements	Earth's Crust	1, 4; p. 428-430 End of Chapter	
	Reading: Elements of Earth's Crust	Assessment 10	
		Ch. 15: p. 438 Analysis Question	
	Ch. 15 - Hidden Treasures in Rocks:	1; p. 459-460 End of Chapter	
	Mineral Resources	Assessment 8	
	Task: What Makes a Metal, Rock, or		
	Mineral Valuable?		
	Activity 1: Where Are the Mineral		
	Ores?		
PG.M.2: Chemical bonding			
(ionic, covalent, metallic)			
PG.M.3: Crystallinity	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	Ch. 14 : p. 412 About the Reading	
(crystal structure)	Earth's Crust	2, 4; p. 428-430 End of Chapter	
	Reading: Minerals - The Building	Assessment 1, 8, 11	
	BIOCKS OF Earth's Crust	Ch. 15 : p. 438 Analysis Question	
	Ch. 15. Hidden Tressures in Deska	1; p. 459-460 End of Chapter	
	Ch. 15 - Hidden Treasures in Rocks:	Assessment 1	
	Task: What Makes a Metal Bock or		
	Mineral Valuable?		
PG M 4 : Criteria of a	Ch 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	Ch 14 : n 412 About the Reading	
mineral (crystalline solid	Farth's Crust	1 3 n 427 Digging Deeper 3 n	
occurs in nature.	Reading: Minerals - The Building	428-430 End of Chapter	
inorganic. defined	Blocks of Earth's Crust	Assessment 1. 8. 11	
chemical composition)	Final Reading: A Solid Foundation	Ch. 15 : p. 438 Analysis Question	
	Digging Deeper	1; p. 459-460 End of Chapter	
		Assessment 1, 2, 3	
	Ch. 15 - Hidden Treasures in Rocks:		
	Mineral Resources		
	Task: What Makes a Metal, Rock, or		
	Mineral Valuable?		
	Activity 1: Where Are the Mineral		
	Ores?		
PG.M.5: Properties of	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	Ch. 14 : p. 413-414 Procedure	
minerals (hardness, luster,	Earth's Crust	Step 3-7; p. 414 About the	
cleavage, streak, crystal	Activity 2: Identifying Minerals by	Reading 1, 2, 3; p. 427 Digging	
shape, fluorescence,	Their Physical Characteristics	Deeper 3; p. 428-430 End of	
flammability,	Digging Deeper	Chapter Assessment 1, 5, 8, 10,	
density/specific gravity,		11	
malleability)	Ch. 15 - Hidden Treasures in Rocks:		
	IVIINERAL Resources		



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PG.M: Minerals		
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science:	Selected Assessment
Standards	Chapter (Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities
	Task: What Makes a Metal, Rock, or	Ch. 15: p. 438 Analysis Question
	Mineral Valuable?	1; p. 459-460 End of Chapter
	Activity 1: Where Are the Mineral	Assessment 1, 2, 8, 11
	Ores?	

PG.IMS: Igneous, Metamorphic, and Sedimentary Rocks		
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities
PG.IMS.1: Igneous	Ch. 9 - Journey to the Center of the	Mafic and felsic rocks and
 Mafic and felsic rocks 	Earth: Exploring Earth's Interior	minerals; Intrusive
and minerals	Reading: A Dense Interior	Ch. 11 : p. 295 About the Reading
 Intrusive (igneous 	Activity 1: Modeling Earth's Interior	3, 5
structures: dikes, sills,	Structure	Ch. 14 : p. 416-418 Procedure
batholiths, pegmatites)	Reading: Energy in Earth's Interior	Steps 2, 4-7; p. 419 Analysis
 Earth's interior (inner 	Address the Challenge	Questions 1, 3, 7; p. 427 Digging
core, outer core, lower	Digging Deeper	Deeper 1; p. 428-430 End of
mantle, upper mantle,		Chapter Assessment 3, 7, 12, 14,
Mohorovicic	Ch. 11 - Sleeping Dragons?	15
discontinuity, crust)	Subduction-Zone Volcanoes	
 Magnetic reversals and 	Activity 2: A Lava Flow or an	Earth's interior
Earth's magnetic field	Explosion?	Ch 9 : p. 228- 229 Procedure Step
 Thermal energy within 	Activity 3: What Might an Eruption of	2, 5; p. 230 Analysis Questions 1,
the Earth	Rainier Be Like?	2; p. 244 About the Reading 1, 2,
 Extrusive (volcanic 	Activity 4: How Do Scientists Monitor	4; p. 245 Address the Challenge
activity, volcanoes:	Volcanoes?	1, 3; pg 246 Digging Deeper 3; p.
cinder cones, composite,		247-248 End of Chapter
shield)	Ch. 12 - Clues on the Ocean Floor:	Assessment 1-4, 6, 9, 10
 Bowen's Reaction 	Divergent Boundaries	
Series (continuous and	Reading: The Missing Piece of the	Magnetic reversals and Earth's
discontinuous branches)	Plate Tectonics Puzzle	magnetic field
	Activity 3: Plotting a Magnetic Map of	Ch. 12 : p. 345 About the Reading
	the Ocean	1; p. 345-346 Procedure Step 1
	Activity 4: How Are Ocean Basins	and Analysis Question 2; p. 354-
	Formed by Seafloor Spreading?	355 End of Chapter Assessment
	Address the Challenge	7, 10
	Reading: Pulling it All Together: Earth's	
	Machinery	Thermal energy within the Earth
		Ch. 9: p. 244 About the Reading
	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	1, 2, 4; p. 245 Address the
	Earth's Crust	Challenge 2, 3; p. 247-248 End of
	Activity 3: Clues in Rock-Forming	Chapter Assessment 2, 9, 10
	Process	
	Final Reading: A Solid Foundation	
	Digging Deeper	Extrusive



PG.IMS: Igneous, Metamorphic, and Sedimentary Rocks			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
PG.IMS.2: Metamorphic • Pressure, stress, temperature and compressional forces • Foliated (regional), non-foliated (contact) • Parent rock and degrees of metamorphism • Metamorphic zones (where metamorphic rocks are found)	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building Earth's Crust Activity 3: Clues in Rock - Forming Process Address the Challenge Digging Deeper	Ch. 11: p. 300 Analysis Question 1, 2, 3; p. 310 About the Reading 1, 2, 3; p. 325-327 End of Chapter Assessment 5, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 Ch. 12: p. 345 About the Reading 1; p. Analysis Question 2; p. 348 Address the Challenge; p. 352 About the Reading 2; p. 352 Digging Deeper 1; p. 354-355 End of Chapter Assessment 5, 10, 11 Ch. 14: p. 427 Digging Deeper 1; p. 428-430 End of Chapter Assessment 3, 6, 7, 12, 14 <i>Pressure, stress, temperature</i> <i>and compressional forces</i> Ch. 14: p. 416-418 Procedure Steps 2, 4-7; p. 419 Analysis Questions 4, 7, 8; p. 422 Address the Challenge 2; p. 428-430 End of Chapter Assessment 7, 12, 14 <i>Foliated (regional), non-foliated</i> <i>(contact)</i> Ch. 14: p. 416-418 Procedure Steps 2, 4-7; p. 419 Analysis Questions 4, 7, 8; p. 422 Address the Challenge 2; p. 428-430 End of Chapter Assessment 7, 12, 14 <i>Foliated (regional), non-foliated</i> <i>(contact)</i> Ch. 14: p. 416-418 Procedure Steps 2, 4-7; p. 419 Analysis Questions 4, 7, 8; p. 422 Address the Challenge 2; p. 428-430 End of Chapter Assessment 7, 12, 14	
		Steps 4-7; p. 419 Analysis Questions 4, 7, 8; p. 427 Digging Deeper 1; p. 428-430 End of Chapter Assessment 12, 14	
 PG.IMS.3: Sedimentary Division of sedimentary rocks and minerals (chemical, clastic/physical, organic) 	Ch. 13 - Mississippi Blues: Sedimentary Processes in a Delta Reading: How Do Rivers Build Land? Activity 2: Modeling A River Delta Activity 3: What Does a Real Delta Look Like?	Division of sedimentary rocks and minerals Ch. 13 : p. 386 Procedure Step 8, Analysis Questions 2, 3; p. 392 Digging Deeper 3; p. 395-396	



PG.IMS: Igneous, Metamorphic, and Sedimentary Rocks			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
 Depositional 	Reading: Layer by Layer	End of Chapter Assessment 1, 7,	
environments	Activity 4: A View Beneath the Surface	9	
	Activity 5: Settling Sediments	Ch. 14 : p. 416-418 Procedure	
	Digging Deeper	Steps 4-7; p. 419 Analysis	
		Questions 4, 5, 6; p. 427 Digging	
	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	Deeper 1; p. 428-430 End of	
	Earth's Crust	Chapter Assessment 2, 4, 7, 14	
	Activity 3: Clues in Rock-Forming		
	Process	Depositional environments	
	Digging Deeper	Ch. 13 : p. 367 About the Reading	
		3; p. 370 Analysis Question 1; p.	
		376 Analysis Question 1; p. 379-	
		380 About the Reading 1, 3, 4; p.	
		383 Analysis Questions 2-5; p.	
		386 Analysis Question 2; p. 392	
		Digging Deeper 3; p. 395-396	
		End of Chapter Assessment 1-3,	
		5-6, 10-11	
		Ch. 14 : p. 427 Digging Deeper 1,	
		2; End of Chapter Assessment; p.	
		428-430 End of Chapter	
		Assessment 14	
PG.IMS.4: Ocean	Ch. 3 - Rivers of the Sea: Ocean	Currents	
• Tides (daily, neap and	Currents	Ch. 3: p. 63 About the Reading 1-	
spring)	Activity 1: The Effect of Wind on	4; p. 69-70 About the Reading 1,	
• Currents (deep and	Ocean Currents	3-5, 7-8; p. 77-78 End of Chapter	
shallow, rip and	Activity 2: Natural Patterns	Assessment 2-12	
longshore)	Reading: Patterns in Surface Ocean		
• Thermal energy and	Currents	Thermal energy and water	
water density	Activity 3: The Effect of Density on	density	
• Waves	Ocean Currents	Ch. 3 : p. 64-65 Procedure Steps	
• Ocean features (ridges,	Reading: Striving for Equilibrium: The	7,8 and Analysis Questions 1-3;	
trenches, island systems,	Forces That Drive Ocean Currents	p. 69-70 About the Reading 1, 2,	
abyssal zone, shelves,	Reading: The Peru Current	5, 7, 8; p. 77-78 End of Chapter	
slopes, reefs, island arcs)	Activity 4: An Influential Current	Assessment 3, 5, 7, 8, 11	
Passive and active	,		
continental margins	Ch. 11 - Sleeping Dragons: Subduction	Ocean features	
 Transgressing and 	Zone Volcanoes	Ch. 11 : p. 319 Analysis Question	
regressing sea levels	Reading: Could Mount Rainier Erupt	3; p. 319-320 Procedure Steps 2-	
Streams (channels.	Activity 1: Detecting a Subducting	4 and Analysis Question 2: p.	
streambeds, floodplains.	Plate	325-327 End of Chapter	
cross-bedding, alluvial	Reading: How Do Convergent	Assessment 7. 8. 9	
fans. deltas)	Boundaries Shape Farth's Surface	Ch. 12 : p. 334-335 Procedure	
	Features?	Steps 3-5, Analysis Question 1: p.	



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PG.IMS: Igneous, Metamorphic, and Sedimentary Rocks		
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities
	Activity 6: Features Along Convergent	345 About the Reading 1; p. 338-
	Boundaries	342 Procedure Steps 1, 2 and
		Analysis Question 2; p. 354-355
	Ch. 12 - Clues on the Ocean Floor:	End of Chapter Assessment 1-4,
	Divergent Boundaries	9-11
	Activity 1: Using Sound Waves to Map	
	an Ocean Floor	Streams
	Reading: Into the Depths	Ch. 13 : p. 367 About the Reading
	Activity 2: Studying Maps of Earth's	3; p. 370 Analysis Question 1; p.
	Oceans	376 Analysis Question 1; p. 379-
		380 About the Reading 1, 3, 4; p.
	Ch. 13 - Mississippi Blues:	383 Analysis Questions 2-5; p.
	Sedimentary Processes in a Delta	386 Analysis Question 2; p. 392
	Activity 3: What Does a Real Delta	Digging Deeper 1; p. 395-396
	Look Like?	End of Chapter Assessment 2-5,
	Address the Challenge	8, 10
	Final Reading: Dynamic Rivers and	
	Changing Landscapes	
	Digging Deeper	

PG.EH: Earth's History		
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities
PG.EH.1: The geologic	Ch. 6 - The Longest Experiment:	Relative and absolute age;
rock record	Climate Change in Earth's History	Principles to determine relative
 Relative and absolute 	What's the Story? Journey to a Different	age
age	Time	Ch. 14 : p. 424-425 Analysis
 Principles to 	Reading: Evidence of Earth's Past	Question 1; p. 428-430 End of
determine relative age	Activity 2: Using Climate Proxies	Chapter Assessment 9, 10
 Original 	Reading: The Carbon Cycle, Cretaceous	
horizontality	Breadfruit Trees, and the Long Slide to	Absolute age
 Superposition 	the Ice Age	Ch. 8: p. 199 Analysis Question
\circ Cross-cutting		3; p. 217-219 End of
relationships	Ch. 8 - Stars, Planets, and Everything In	Chapter Assessment 15
 Absolute age 	Between: Solar System Origins	Ch. 14: p. 424-425 Analysis
 Radiometric 	Activity 1: The Dating Game	Question 2; p. 428-430 End of
dating (isotopes,		Chapter Assessment 10
radioactive decay)	Ch. 14 - A Solid Foundation: Building	
\circ Correct uses of	Earth's Crust	Combining relative and absolute
radiometric dating	Reading: Piecing Together Earth's	age data
 Combining relative 	History	Ch. 14: p. 424-425 Analysis
and absolute age data	Final Reading: A Solid Foundation	Questions 1, 2;
• The geologic time	Digging Deeper	
scale		The geologic time scale



PG.EH: Earth's History		
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities
 Comprehending 		Ch. 6: p. 145 About the Reading
geologic time		1-3; p. 151-152 About the
 Climate changes 		Reading 1, 3; p. 154 Procedure
evident through		Steps 6-7 and Analysis Question
the rock record		1; p. 183-185 End of Chapter
 Fossil record 		Assessment 1, 3, 10
		Ch. 14: p. 427 Digging Deeper 1,
		2

PG.PT: Plate Tectonics		
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities
PG.PT.1: Internal Earth	Ch. 9 - Journey to the Center of the	Seismic waves
 Seismic waves 	Earth: Exploring Earth's Interior	Ch. 9: p. 235 About the Reading
\circ S and P waves	Activity 2: See What You Can't See	1-4; p. 237 Analysis Question 1-
\circ Velocities,	Reading: How Do Scientists Explore	5; p. 240 Procedure Steps 3-5;
reflection,	Earth's Interior?	p. 246 4 and Digging Deeper 3;
refraction of	Activity 3: Body Waves	p. 247-248 End of Chapter
waves	Activity 4: Locating an Earthquake	Assessment 6-8
	Epicenter	
	Address the Challenge	
	Digging Deeper	
PG.PT.2: Structure of	Ch 9 - Journey to the Center of the	Asthenosphere; Lithosphere
Earth (Note: specific	Earth: Exploring Earth's Interior	Ch. 9 : p. 228- 229 Procedure
layers were part of	Reading: A Dense Interior	Steps 2, 5; p. 230 Analysis
grade 8)	Activity 1: Modeling Earth's Interior	Questions 1, 2; p. 245 Address
 Asthenosphere 	Structure	the Challenge 1; p. 247-248 End
 Lithosphere 	Reading: How Do Scientists Explore	of Chapter Assessment 3-5
 Mohorovicic boundary 	Earth's Interior?	
(Moho)	Reading: Energy in Earth's Interior	Composition of each of the
 Composition of each 	Address the Challenge	layers of Earth
of the layers of Earth	Digging Deeper	Ch. 9 : p. 228- 229 Procedure
 Gravity, magnetism 		Steps 2, 5; p. 230 Analysis
and isostasy		Questions 1, 2; p. 245 Address
 Thermal energy 		the Challenge 1, 3; p. 246
(geothermal gradient		Digging Deeper 3; p. 247-248
and heat flow)		End of Chapter Assessment 2,
		4, 6
		Thermal energy
		Ch. 9: p. 244 About the Reading
		1, 2; 4; p. 245 Address the
		Challenge 2, 3; p. 247-248 End



PG.PT: Plate Tectonics			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
		of Chapter Assessment 2, 4, 9,	
		10	
PG.P1.3: Historical	Ch 6 - The Longest Experiment: Climate	Review continental drift and	
review (Note: this would	Change in Earth & History	ch 12 n 222 About the	
include a review of	Time	Cn. 12: p. 332 About the	
continental unit and	Time Reading: Evidence of Earth's Past	Reduing 1, 2; p. 352 Digging	
found in grade 8)	Activity 2: Using Climate Provies	Chapter Assessment 1, 2, 10	
Paleomagnetism and	Reading: The Carbon Cycle Cretaceous	Chapter Assessment 1, 2, 10	
magnetic anomalies	Breadfruit Trees, and the Long Slide to	Paleomaanetism and maanetic	
Paleoclimatology	the Ice Age	anomalies	
- Tulebelinitatology	Address the Challenge	Ch. 12 : p. 345 About the	
		Reading 1; p. 345-346	
	Ch 12 - Clues on the Ocean Floor:	Procedure Step 1 and Analysis	
	Divergent Boundaries	Question 2; p. 354-355 End of	
	What's the Story? An Explorer with Big	Chapter Assessment 7, 10	
	Ideas		
	Reading: The Missing Piece of the Plate	Paleoclimatology	
	Tectonics Puzzle	Ch. 6: p. 145 About the Reading	
	Activity 3: Plotting a Magnetic Map of	1-3; p. 151-152 About the	
	the Ocean	Reading 1, 3; p. 154 Procedure	
	Digging Deeper	Steps 6-7 and Analysis Question	
		1; p. 178 Address the	
		Digging Deeper 2: p. 182-185	
		End of Chanter Assessment 1-3	
		10	
PG.PT.4: Plate motion	Ch. 10 - On Shaky Ground: Earthquakes	Causes and evidence of plate	
(Note: introduced in	and Transform Boundaries	motion	
grade 8)	Reading: Cluss in the Landssane	Almost every assessment	
• Causes and evidence	Activity 1: Using GPS Data and Geologic	chapters is participant	
• Measuring plate	Markers to Track Plate Motion	chapters is pertinent.	
motion	Activity 2: Looking for Patterns in a	Measuring plate motion	
Characteristics of	World Map	Ch. 10 : p. 257-260 Procedure	
oceanic and continental	Reading: What Do Tectonic Plates Have	Steps 1-5, 7-9 and Analysis	
plates	to Do with Earthquakes?	Questions 1 and 2; p. 285-287	
• Relationship of plate	Activity 3: What is Happening Along the	End of Chapter Assessment 4,	
movement and geologic	San Andreas Fault?	10-12	
events	Reading: Measurements and Computer		
 Mantle plumes 	Models	Characteristics of oceanic and	
		continental plates	



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PG.PT: Plate Tectonics			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
	Activity 4: Studying Earthquake	Ch. 11 : p. 295 About the	
	Computer Models	Reading 1; p. 319 About the	
		Reading AQ 1; p. 325-327 End	
	Ch. 11 - Sleeping Dragons: Subduction	of Chapter Assessment 1, 2, 7	
	Zone Volcanoes	Ch. 12 : p. 342 Analysis	
	What's the story? A Hazardous	Question 2; p. 345 About the	
	Development	Reading 1, 3; p. 352 About the	
	Reading: Could Mount Rainier Erupt?	Reading 1; p. 354-355 End of	
	Activity 1: Detecting a Subducting Plate	Chapter Assessment 7, 8	
	Activity 2: A Lava Flow or an Explosion?		
	Activity 3: What Might an Eruption of	Relationship of plate movement	
	Rainier Be Like?	and geologic events	
	Activity 4: How Do Scientists Monitor	Almost every assessment	
	Volcanoes?	opportunity in these three	
	Reading: Has Rainier Erupted in the	chapters is pertinent.	
	Past?		
	Activity 5: Monitoring Mount Rainier	Mantle plumes	
	Reading: How Do Convergent	Ch. 12 : p. 352 Digging Deeper 1	
	Boundaries Shape Earth's Surface		
	Features?		
	Activity 6: Features Along Convergent		
	Boundaries		
	Final Reading: Convergent Boundaries		
	Ch. 12 - Clues on the Ocean Floor:		
	Divergent Boundaries		
	What's the story? An Explorer with Big		
	Ideas		
	Activity 1: Using Sound Waves to Map		
	an Ocean Floor		
	Reading: Into the Depths		
	Activity 2: Studying Maps of Earth's		
	Oceans		
	Reading: The Missing Piece of the Plate		
	Tectonic Puzzle		
	Activity 3: Plotting a Magnetic Map of		
	the Ocean		
	Activity 4: How Are Ocean Basins		
	Formed by Seafloor Spreading?		
	Reading: Pulling It All Together		
	Machinery		
	Machinery		



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PG.ER: Earth's Resources			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
PG.ER.1: Energy resources • Renewable and nonrenewable energy sources and efficiency • Alternate energy sources and efficiency • Resource availability • Mining and resource extraction	Ch 16 - The Mystery of the Rub' AL- Khali: Energy Resources in Earth's Crust Task: Energy Connections What's the story? The Mystery of the Rub' al-Khali Activity 1: How Do Oil Reservoirs Form? Reading: A Convergence of Conditions— the Rub'al-Khali Address the Challenge Reading: How Is Oil Found and Produced? Activity 2: Exploration and Production Models Final Reading: The Recipe for Oil Digging Deeper Ch 15 - Hidden Treasures in Rocks: Mineral Resources Everything in this chapter is pertinent to non-energy related resource availability, mining, and resource extraction.	Renewable and nonrenewable Renewable and nonrenewableenergy sources and efficiencyCh. 16: p. 463 AnalysisQuestion 4; p. 466 AnalysisQuestion 2; p. 473 AnalysisQuestion 3; p. 476 About theReading 1, 2, 3; p. 477Address the Challenge 1 2; p.478 2, 3; p. 480 About theReading 1, 2, 3; p. 484 AnalysisQuestion 1, 2, 3; p. 484 AnalysisQuestion 1, 2, 3; p. 484 AnalysisQuestion 1, 2, 3; p. 485 DiggingDeeper 1-3; p. 488-490 End ofChapter Assessment 1-5, 7-9Alternate energy sources andefficiencyCh. 16: p. 466 AnalysisQuestion 2; p. 485 DiggingDeeper 1Resource availabilityCh. 16: p. 466 AnalysisQuestion 2; p. 473 AnalysisQuestion 2; p. 473 AnalysisQuestion 2; p. 476 About theReading 2, 3, 4, 5; p. 477Address the Challenge 2; p. 4782, 3; p. 480 About theReading 2, 3, 4, 5; p. 477Address the Challenge 2; p. 478Question 3; p. 476 About theReading 2, 3, 4, 5; p. 477Address the Challenge 2; p. 478Question 1, 2, 3; p. 484AnalysisQuestions 1	



PG.ER: Earth's Resources			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
		453 Activity 3; p. 453-456 Address the Challenge; p. 456- 457 Digging Deeper; p. 459-460 End of Chapter Assessment 4, 5, 11, 12, 13	
PG.ER.2: Air	Ch. 1 - Comparing Earth to Other	Air	
Primary and	Worlds	Ch. 1 : p. 4 About the Reading 1.	
secondary contaminants	What's the Story? Two Travelers in a	2. 3: p. 8 Procedure Steps 1. 2	
Greenhouse gases	Distant World	and Analysis Question 1; p. 12	
	Activity: Survival on Earth and Mars	About the Reading 5	
	Address the Challenge	Ch. 3 : p. 70 About the Reading	
	Ch. 3 - Rivers of the Sea Reading: Striving for Equilibrium: The Forces That Drive Ocean Currents Ch. 4 - Local Connections: Regional Climate Reading: Sharing the Warmth Reading: Winds and Mountains	3, 4; p. 71 Address the Challenge 1, 2, 3, 6; p. 77-78 End of Chapter Assessment 3, 4, 10-12 Ch. 4 : p. 98 About the Reading 1, 2, 3, 4; p. 106 About the Reading 1, 3, 4; p. 109-110 End of Chapter Assessment 4, 5, 8, 10	
	Ch. 5 - The Bigger Picture: Global Climate Reading: Following the Path of Light Energy Activity 1: The Greenhouse Effect Activity 4: Calling All Carbons Reading: The Greenhouse Effect, the Albedo Effect, the Carbon Cycle and Feedback Address the Challenge Digging Deeper	Primary and secondary contaminants; Greenhouse gases Ch. 5 : p. 120 Analysis Question 1; p. 126 Analysis Questions 1, 3; p. 128 Procedure Step 4; p. 132 Analysis Questions 1-10; p. 135 About the Reading 2, 3; p. 137 Address the Challenge 5, 6 and Digging Deeper 1; p. 139- 140 End of Chapter Assessment 1, 6-9	
PG.ER.3: Water	Ch. 1 - Comparing Earth to Other	Water	
Potable water and	Worlds	Ch. 3: Almost every assessment	
water quality	What's the Story? Two Travelers in a	opportunity in this chapter is	
• Hypoxia,	Distant World	pertinent to "Water."	
eutrophication	Activity: Survival on Earth and Mars Address the Challenge	Potable water and water quality	
	Cn. 2 - LITE'S BIOOD: Seeking Water from	Ln. 1 : p. 4-5 About the Reading	
1	Laitii	\perp , \neg , p. o riocedure steps \perp , Z	



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PG.ER: Earth's Resources			
Science Learning	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science: Chapter	Selected Assessment	
Standards	(Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
	What's the story? Water Running Dry Task 1: How Much Water Do You Use? Task 2: Thinking Beyond the Bathwater Activity 1: Reservoir Roulette: A Journey Through the Water Cycle Reading: The Unique Qualities of Water Activity 2: Where's the Drinking Water? Reading: Capturing the Good Water Activity 3: Water Supply Case Studies Activity 4: Follow the Flow: Researching Your Water Supply Address the Challenge Final Reading: The Most Precious Resource Ch. 3 - Rivers of the Sea Everything in this chapter is pertinent to	and Analysis Question 1; p. 12 About the Reading 5 Ch. 2 : Almost every assessment opportunity in this chapter is pertinent.	
	the bigger subject of water.		
PG.ER.4: Soil and sediment • Desertification • Mass wasting and erosion • Sediment and contamination	Ch. 2 - Life's Blood: Seeking Water from Earth What's the Story: Water Running Dry Ch. 5 - The Bigger Picture: Global Climate Address the Challenge Ch 13 – Mississippi Blues: Sedimentary Processes in a Delta What's the Story? Flooding the Big Easy Activity 1: Modeling River Deposits Reading: How Do Rivers Build Land? Activity 2: Modeling a River Delta Activity 3: What Does a Real Delta Look Like? Reading: Layer by Layer Activity 4: A View Beneath the Surface Reading: Why Is the Mississippi Delta Region Sinking? Activity 5: Settling Sediments Reading: Have People Played a Role in the Subsidence of New Orleans? Final Reading: Dynamic Rivers and	Desertification Ch. 2: p. 17 About the Reading 1, 2 Ch. 5: p. 137 Address the Challenge 6 Mass wasting and erosion; Sediment and contamination Ch. 13: Almost every assessment opportunity in this chapter is pertinent.	



PG.GG: Glacial Geology			
Science Learning Standards	Lab-Aids EDC Earth Science:	Selected Assessment	
	Chapter (Ch.), Title or Activity	Opportunities	
PG.GG.1: Glaciers and	Ch 6 - The Longest Experiment:	Historical changes; Evidence of	
glaciation	Climate Change in Earth's History	climate changes throughout	
 Evidence of past glaciers 	What's the Story? Journey to a	Earth's history	
(including features	Different Time	Ch. 6: p. 145 About the Reading	
formed through erosion	Reading: Evidence of Earth's Past	1, 2, 3; p. 151 About the Reading	
or deposition)	Activity 2: Using Climate Proxies	1, 3; p. 154 Analysis Questions 1,	
 Glacial deposition and 	Activity 3: Investigating How	2; p. 159 Analysis Question 5; p.	
erosion (including	Orbital Changes Have Affected Past	162 About the Reading 1, 2, 3; p.	
features formed through	Climate	180 Digging Deeper 2; p. 183-185	
erosion or deposition)	Reading: The Carbon Cycle,	End of Chapter Assessment 1-3,	
 Data from ice cores 	Cretaceous Breadfruit Trees, and	7-10	
 Historical changes 	the Long Slide to the Ice Age		
(glacial ages, amounts,	Digging Deeper	Glacial distribution and causes of	
locations, particulate		glaciation	
matter, correlation to		Ch. 6: p. 159 Analysis Question 5;	
fossil evidence)		p. 162 About the Reading 1, 2, 3;	
\circ Evidence of climate		p. 180 Digging Deeper 2; p. 183-	
changes throughout		185 End of Chapter Assessment	
Earth's history		8	
 Glacial distribution and 			
causes of glaciation			
 Types of glaciers – 			
continental (ice sheets,			
ice caps), alpine/valley			
(piedmont, valley, cirque,			
ice caps)			
 Glacial structure, 			
formation and movement			